

C 21925

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857 - 1885) AND
INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT - FIRST PHASE (1885 - 1917)

(2016—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section AI. Answer *all* questions. Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark :

BUNCH I

- 1 Who propounded the theory of Drain of Wealth ?
- 2 Who was the political Guru of Gandhiji.
- 3 The book 'India Today' was written by ?
- 4 The first session of Indian National Congress was held at ?

(4 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 marks)

BUNCH II

- 5 The founder of SatyaShodhak Samaj was _____.
- 6 Kesari and Maratha were the Newspaper of _____.
- 7 The first Women President of Indian National Congress was _____.
- 8 Lucknow Pact was signed in the year _____.

(4 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 marks)

BUNCH III

Match A with B.

- | A | B |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Books | Authors |
| 9 Anand Math | A) Gandhiji. |
| 10 My Experiment with Truth | B) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee. |
| 11 History of Indian National Congress | C) R.C Dutt. |
| 12 Economic History of India | D) PattabhiSitaramayya. |

(4 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 marks)**Turn over**

Section B (Short Answer)

II. Answer any *seven* in 50 words each. Each question carries 2 marks :

- 13 Lord Dufferin.
- 14 Indian Universities Act 1904.
- 15 Vivekananda.
- 16 V.D Savarkar.
- 17 Aruvippuram Prathishta.
- 18 Brahma Samaj.
- 19 Ghadar.
- 20 Banaras Hindu University.
- 21 Safety Valve Theory.

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Short Essay)

III. Answer any *five* in 150 words. Each question carries 6 marks :

- 22 Give an account on Sri Narayana Guru
- 23 Write a note on Separate Electorate System
- 24 Briefly mentions the importance of Indian Councils Act of 1892
- 25 Bring out the theories related to the formation of Congress
- 26 Sketch the early career of Gandhi in South Africa
- 27 Write a note on Lucknow pact
- 28 Trace out the circumstances that led to the split of Congress at Surat

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essay)

IV. Answer any *two* in 350 words. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29 Differentiate the policies and programmes of Extremist and Moderates.
- 30 Evaluate the role of National leaders to bring out the Drain of wealth of India by the British.
- 31 Analyse the role of Annie Besant and Tilak in Organising the Home Rule League.
- 32 Estimate the role of Arya Samaj and Theosophical Society in framing the cultural identity of Indian Nationalism.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

C 4250

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857–1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885–1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section AI. Answer *all* questions. Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark :

BUNCH I

- 1 Who was the founder of Ghadar party.
- 2 The Viceroy who passed the Vernacular Press Act.
- 3 Who wrote the book Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.
- 4 “Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it”. Who made this statement ?

(4 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 marks)

BUNCH II

- 5 Partition of Bengal was announced by _____.
- 6 The Book ‘Tuhfatul Muwahiddin’ is written by _____.
- 7 Minto- Morley reforms was passed in the year _____.
- 8 Lucknow Pact was signed between _____ and _____.

(4 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 marks)

BUNCH III

Match A with B :

| A | B |
|-------------------|---------|
| Congress Sessions | Year |
| 9 Calcutta | A 1887. |
| 10 Surat | B 1916. |
| 11 Lucknow | C 1886. |
| 12 Madras | D 1907. |

(4 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 marks)**Turn over**

Section B (Short Answer)

II. Answer any *seven* in 50 words each. Each question carries 2 marks :

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 13 SurendraNath Banerjee. | 14 George Yule. |
| 15 Boycott Programmes. | 16 Indian Mirror. |
| 17 Ilbert Bill. | 18 LalaLajpatRai. |
| 19 Separate Electorate. | 20 Madam Bikaji Kama. |
| 21 Chapaker Brothers. | |

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

Section C (Short Essay)

III. Answer any *five* in 150 words. Each question carries 6 marks :

- 22 Give a brief account on Swadesi Movement.
- 23 Write a note on early political associations.
- 24 Discuss the Lal-Bal-Pal leadership.
- 25 Assess the formation of the Muslim League.
- 26 Point out the main provisions of Minto Morley Reforms.
- 27 Briefly mention the features of Arya Samaj.
28. Assess the role of Bala GangadharTilak in the history of freedom struggle.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essay)

IV. Answer any *two* in 350 words. Each question carries 15 marks :

- 29 Discuss the policies and programmes of Moderates.
- 30 What is Drain theory ? Assess the contribution of Dadabhai Naoroji in the field of Indian Nationalism.
- 31 Evaluate the factors leading to the growth of Indian Nationalism.
- 32 How far the socio-religious movement contributed the growth of Indian Nationalism.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

C 81884

(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857-1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885-1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or Malayalam.

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer all the twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Name the following :

1. The first piece of territory acquired by the English in India.
2. The Land Revenue System introduced by the British in Awadh, Delhi, Punjab and the Gangetic valley.
3. The work written by Raja Ram Mohan Roy in 1809.
4. The place where Arya Samaj was established.

Fill in the blanks :

5. The Sepoys of Vellore mutinied in the year _____.
6. The administration of India was taken over by the Crown in the year _____.
7. _____ was the biographer of A.O. Hume.
8. The Chief apostle of militant nationalism in Bengal was _____.

Match the following :

- | A | B |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 9. Anand Math | : Kesab Chandra Sen. |
| 10. Mirat-ul-Akbar | : Aurobindo Ghosh. |
| 11. Yugantar | : Raja Ram Mohan Roy. |
| 12. Indian Mirror | : Bankim Chandra Chatterjee. |

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Very Short Answers)

Write short notes on any five each from Part I and Part II.

Each question carries 2 marks.

PART I

13. Battle of Plassey.
14. The Subsidiary Alliance.
15. Carnatic Wars.
16. Pazhassi Raja.
17. Queen's Proclamation.
18. Satyasodhak Samaj.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

PART II

19. The East India Association.
20. Safety-Valve theory.
21. Swadeshi and Boycott.
22. Partition of Bengal.
23. Communal Electorates.
24. The Lucknow Pact.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer three each from part I and part II.

Each question carries 5 marks.

PART I

25. Discuss the nature of British rule in India.
26. Examine the political causes for the Revolt of 1857.
27. Summarise the causes for Sanyasi Revolt.
28. Assess the works of Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar for the empowerment of women.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

PART II

29. Discuss the circumstances that led to the formation of the Indian National Congress.
30. How do the Moderates differ from the Extremists ?
31. Examine the main provisions of the Minto Morley Reforms.
32. How do the Press acted as a potent force in the National Movement ?

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

Section D (Essays)

Answer one each from part I and part II.

Each question carries 12 marks.

PART I

33. Why is Raja Ram Mohan Roy called as the Father of Indian Renaissance ?
34. Summarise the nature and consequences of the Revolt of 1857.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

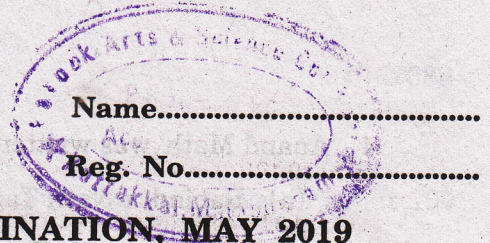
PART II

35. Explain briefly the causes for the emergence of Indian Nationalism.
36. Illustrate the background of Home Rule Movement.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

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(Pages : 3)



SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2019

(CUCBCSS—UG)

History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY (1857 TO THE PRESENT)
AND
INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857–1885) AND INDIAN
NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885–1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answers may be written in either English or Malayalam.

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer all the twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

PART I

I. Multiple Choice - Choose the correct answer :

- 1 'Mool Shankar' was the childhood name of _____.
 - (a) Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
 - (b) Swami Vivekananda.
 - (c) Swami Dayananda Saraswathi.
 - (d) Mahatma Gandhi.
- 2 SNDP was founded by Sree Narayana Guru in the year _____.
 - (a) 1888.
 - (b) 1902.
 - (c) 1903.
 - (d) 1928.
- 3 The Anglo-Oriental College at Aligarh was founded by _____.
 - (a) Swami Dayananda Saraswathi.
 - (b) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.
 - (c) Nawab Salimullah Khan.
 - (d) Agha Khan.

Turn over

4 'Anand Math' was written by _____.

- (a) Rabindra Nath Tagore. (b) Bankim Chandra Chattarjee.
(c) Surendranath Banerjee. (c) W.C.Banerjee.

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

II. Fill in the blanks :

5 'Miratul Akbar' was a paper edited by _____.

6 _____ was the Viceroy of India when the Indian National Congress was formed.

PART II

7 Partition of Bengal was annulled in the year _____.

8 'How India wrought for Freedom' is written by _____.

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

III. Match the column A with column B :

| A | B |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 9 B.G.Tilak | Lord Curzon |
| 10 Dadabhai Naoroji | A.O.Hume |
| 11 Safety-Valve Theory | East India Association |
| 12 Partition of Bengal | Extremist Leader |

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer)

IV. Select *five* each from the following part I and part II and answer *ten* questions. Briefly explain each in about 50 words. Each question carries 2 marks :

| Part I | Part II |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 13 Battle of Buxar. | 19 Drain Theory. |
| 14 Santhal Uprising. | 20 Surat Split. |
| 15 Pazhassi Revolt. | 21 Political Mendicancy. |
| 16 Brahma Samaj. | 22 Swadeshi and Boycott. |
| 17 Swami Vivekananda. | 23 Yugantar. |
| 18 Subsidiary Alliance. | 24 Annie Besant. |

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

- V. Select *three* each from the following part I and part II and answer *six* questions in about 100 words each. Each question carries 5 marks :

PART I

- 25 Write briefly on the life and work of Sree Narayana Guru.
 26 What were the basic and immediate causes of the Revolt of 1857 ?
 27 Give a brief account of the Indian Society in the eighteenth century.
 28 Assess the significance of the Battle of Plassey in the growth of British power in India.

PART II

- 29 When and where was the Indian National Congress formed ? What were its early aims ?
 30 Assess the role of 'Press' in the awakening of social and political life in India.
 31 Discuss the objectives and techniques of the Indian National Congress in its extremist phase.
 32 Point out the significance of the Lucknow Pact.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essays)

- VI. Select *one* each from the following part I and part II and answer *two* questions in about 200 words each. Each question carries 12 marks :

PART I

- 33 Examine the causes and circumstances that helped the growth of Indian Nationalism.
 34 Analyse the impact of Social Reform Movements in the awakening of India.

PART II

- 35 What were the main provisions of the Minto-Morely Reforms ?
 36 Examine the origin and growth of Home Rule Movement in India.

(2 × 12 = 24 marks)

D 43292

(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course : Modern Indian History

HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY
RESISTANCES (1857–1885) AND INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE
(1885–1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer all the twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

Name the following :

1. The adopted son of Peshwa Baji Rao II.
2. The one who called Swami Vivekananda as the 'Prophet of Nationalism'.
3. Author of 'Nil Darpan'.
4. Leader of 1857 Revolt at Lucknow.

Fill in the blanks :

5. The father of Dalit Movements in India was _____.
6. The Kundara Proclamation was issued by _____.
7. The daring revolutionary involved in the Dacca Conspiracy was _____.
8. Madam Bikaji Kama led the revolutionary activities in _____.

Match the following :

- | A | B |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 9. Bengali | : Dadabhai Naoroji |
| 10. Bande Mataram | : Lala Lajpat Rai |
| 11. Young India | : Arobindo Ghosh |
| 12. Rast Goftar | : Surendra.Nath.Banerjee |

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Very Short Answers)

*Write short note on five each from Part I and Part II.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

PART I

13. Battle of Buxar.
14. Doctrine of Lapse.
15. Sanyasi revolt.
16. Enfield Rifle.
17. Aligarh Movement.
18. Sree Narayana Guru.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

PART II

19. Mahadev Govind Ranade.
20. Moderates.
21. Partition of Bengal.
22. Minto-Morely Reforms.
23. A.O. Hume.
24. Drain Theory.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

*Answer three each from Part I and Part II.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

PART I

25. Examine the significance of Pazhassi revolt.
26. Analyse briefly the nature of the Revolt of 1857.
27. Discuss the role of Arya Samaj in the social transformation of India.
28. Assess the role of Jotiba Phule in the upliftment of Dalits.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

PART II

29. Explain briefly the objectives and aims of the early Congress leaders.
30. What do you mean by Swadeshi Movement? Narrate.
31. Examine the significance of Lucknow Pact..
32. Critically review the role of British Government in the growth of Communalism after 1906.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

Section D (Essays)

Answer one each from Part I and Part II.

Each question carries 12 marks.

PART I

33. Trace the background of Indian Renaissance.
34. Examine the different stages of the establishment of British rule in India.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

PART II

35. Discuss in detail the emergence of Revolutionary Nationalism in India.
36. Differentiate Extremists and Moderates.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

C 24815

(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2017

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course

Modern Indian History

HIS 1C 01—INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857—1885)

AND

HIS 2C 01—INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885—1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or Malayalam.

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer all the twelve questions.

Each carries ½ mark.

Name the following :

- 1 Founder of the 'Tattvabodhini Sabha'.
- 2 British Commander in the Battle of Plassey.
- 3 First Viceroy of India.
- 4 Place at which the Revolt of 1857 first broke out.

Fill in the blanks :

- 5 The Muhammedan Anglo-Oriental College at Aligarh was founded by _____.
- 6 _____ is known as the 'Saint of Dakshineswar'.
- 7 The first session of the Indian National Congress was presided over by _____.
- 8 _____ was the exponent of 'Drain Theory'.

Match the following :

A

B

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| 9 Bal Gangadhar Tilak | : | Social background of Indian Nationalism. |
| 10 Gopala Krishna Gokhale | : | Gita Rahasya. |
| 11 A.R. Desai | : | Commonweal. |
| 12 Mrs. Annie Besant | : | Quarterly Review. |

(12 × ½ = 6 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Very Short Answers)*Write short note on five each from Part I and Part II.**Each carries 2 marks.***PART I**

- 13 Siraj-Ud-Daula.
- 14 Subsidiary Alliance.
- 15 Prarthana Samaj.
- 16 Kundara Proclamation.
- 17 Ramakrishna Mission.
- 18 SNDP.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)**PART II**

- 19 Safety-Valve Theory.
- 20 Dadabhai Naoroji.
- 21 Partition of Bengal.
- 22 Moderates.
- 23 Surat Split.
- 24 Lucknow Pact.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)**Section C (Short Essays)***Answer three each from Part I and Part II.**Each question carries 5 marks.***PART I**

- 25 Examine the role of Velu Thampi in the freedom movement of India.
- 26 Explain briefly the Sanyasi Revolt.
- 27 Evaluate the nature of the Revolt of 1857.
- 28 Estimate the contributions of Arya Samaj in uplifting the backward classes.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

PART II

- 29 Summarise the role of militant nationalists in the freedom movement of India.
- 30 Differentiate the Moderates and Extremists.
- 31 Give an account of Home Rule Movement.
- 32 Examine the various theories about the origin of Indian National Congress.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

Section D (Essays)

Answer one each from Part I and Part II.

Each carries 12 marks.

PART I

- 33 Briefly Analyse the causes for the Revolt of 1857.
- 34 Trace the background of social and religious reform movements in India during 18th and 19th centuries.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

PART II

- 35 Examine the role of National Press in the emergence of Nationalism in India.
- 36 Give a brief account of the Swadeshi Movement.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

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(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2016

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course—Modern Indian History

HIS 1C 01—INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCES (1857-1885)
AND

HIS 2C 01—INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE (1885–1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answers may be written in either English or Malayalam.

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer all the twelve questions.

Each question carries ½ mark.

PART I

I. Multiple choice—Choose the correct answer :

- 1 The Kundara Proclamation was issued in _____.
(a) 1809. (b) 1857.
(c) 1882. (d) 1900.
- 2 The wandering group of Muslim religious mendicants of Bengal was known as _____.
(a) Sanyasis. (b) Faraizis.
(c) Sufis. (d) Faqirs.
- 3 The first Viceroy of India was _____.
(a) Lord Ripon. (b) Lord Cornwallis.
(c) Lord Warren Hastings. (d) Lord Canning.
- 4 Begum Hazrat Mahal led the Revolt of 1857 at _____.
(a) Meerut. (b) Lucknow.
(c) Kanpur. (d) Jhansi.

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

Turn over

II. Fill in the blanks :

- 5 _____ Act curbed the liberty of the Indian Press.
- 6 _____ of 1858 announced the assumption of the Government of India by the British Crown.

PART II

- 7 The 'Servants of India Society' was founded by _____.
- 8 'New India' was a paper edited by _____.

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

III. Match the column A with column B :

- | A | B |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 9 Political Mendicancy | - B.G.Tilak. |
| 10 Communal Electorates | - Calcutta University Act. |
| 11 Lord Curzon | - Minto-Morley reform. |
| 12 Kesari | - Moderate. |

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer)

- IV. Select *five* each from the following Part I and Part II and answer *ten* questions. Briefly explain each in about 50 words. Each carries 2 marks :

PART I

- 13 Sanyasi Revolt.
- 14 Kerala Varma Pazhassi Raja.
- 15 Jhansi Rani.
- 16 Back to Vedas.
- 17 Mangal Pandey.
- 18 Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.

PART II

- 19 Surendranath Banerji.
- 20 Abhinav Bharat.
- 21 Ghadar Party.
- 22 Home Rule League.
- 23 Partition of Bengal.
- 24 Lucknow Session of the Congress.

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

- V. Select *three* each from the following Part I and Part II and answer *six* questions in about 100 words each. Each carries 5 marks :

Part I

- 25 Examine the nature of the revolt of 1857.
- 26 Assess the significance of Santhal Rebellion.
- 27 Summarise the importance of Aligarh movement.
- 28 What led to the rise of Indian Nationalism ?

PART II

- 29 Evaluate the works of the Revolutionary Nationalists outside India.
- 30 Explain the anti-partition movements in Bengal.
- 31 Analyse the objectives and methods of the Moderates.
- 32 Comment on the Lucknow Pact.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Turn over

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(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2015

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course

HIS 1C 01 & HIS 2C 01—MODERN INDIAN HISTORY – INDIA UNDER COLONIAL
RULE AND EARLY RESISTANCE AND INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT FIRST PHASE
(1885 – 1917)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answers may be written in either English or Malayalam.

Section A (Objective Type)

*Answer all the twelve questions.
Each carries ½ mark.*

PART I

I. Multiple Choice – Choose the correct answer :

- 1 Battle of Plassey was fought between Robert Clive and _____.
Siraj-ud-Daula. Shuja-ud-Daula.
Shah Alam. Muhammed Ghori.
- 2 The Subsidiary Alliance was introduced by _____.
Lord Dalhousie. Lord Warren Hastings.
Lord Wellesley. Lord Macaulay.
- 3 The founder of Satyasodhak Samaj is _____.
Mahatma Jyotiba Phule. Mahatma Ayyankali.
Sree Narayana Guru. Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
- 4 The revolt of 1857 at Kanpur was led by :
Begum Hazrat Mahal. Nana Sahib.
Bahadur Shah Zafar. Mangal Pandey.

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

II. Fill in the blanks :

- 5 _____ declared that the Vedas contained absolute truth.
- 6 The uprising of 1857 was described as the 'first war of Independence' by _____.

Turn over

PART II

- 7 The 'Boycott and Swedeshi' movement became very popular after the ———.
- 8 ——— described the Congress as a body representing only a "microscopic minority of india's vast population".

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

III. Match the column A with column B :

| A | B |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| 9. Young India | - Mrs. Annie Besant. |
| 10. New India | - Lala Lajpat Rai. |
| 11. Rast Goftar | - Lala Hardayal. |
| 12. Ghadar | - Dadabhai Naoroji. |

(4 × ½ = 2 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer)

- IV. Select *five* each from the following part I and part II and answer *ten* questions. Briefly explain each in about 50 words. Each carries 2 marks :—

PART I

13. Mahatma Jyotiba Phule.
14. Sanyasi Revolt.
15. Doctrine of Lapse.
16. Kesab Chandra Sen.
17. Sathyartha Prakash.
18. Theosophical Society.

PART II

19. Lord Curzon.
20. Chapekar Brothers.
21. A. O. Hume.
22. Anushilan Samiti.
23. Minto-Morely Reforms.
24. Lal-Bal-Pal.

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essays)

- V. Select *three* each from the following part I and part II and answer *six* questions in about 100 words each. Each carries 5 marks.

Part I

25. Discuss the nature of British rule in India and point out its effects.
26. Explain briefly the resistance of Indians against the British prior to the revolt of 1857.

2. Describe the main events of the Revolt of 1857.
28. Summarise the teachings of Swami Vivekananda and point out their impact on the Indian Society.

PART II

29. Discuss the socio-economic background of the Indian National movement.
30. Analyse the causes which led to the formation of Indian National Congress in 1885.
31. Describe the background of Surat Split in 1907.
32. Assess the role of revolutionary nationalists in the national movement of India.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essays)

- VI. Select one each from the following part I and part II and answer *two* questions in about 200 words each. Each carries 12 marks.

PART I

33. Give an estimate of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh movement.
34. Evaluate the contribution of Brahma Samaj towards the social awakening of India.

PART II

35. Comment on the Anti-partition or Swadeshi movement of Bengal. How far did they succeed ?
36. Examine the significance of the Lucknow Pact.

(2 × 12 = 24 marks)