

D 102713

(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2024**

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2018 Admission only)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

*Answer should be written in English only.***Part A***Answer all questions.**Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Which is known as charter of a company ?
 - A) Memorandum of association.
 - B) Bye laws.
 - C) Articles of association.
 - D) Prospectus.
2. The name of a company can be changed by :
 - A) An ordinary resolution.
 - B) A special resolution.
 - C) The approval of the union government.
 - D) A special resolution with the approval of Central Government.
3. The _____ defines the companies relations with the outside world.
 - A) Prospectus.
 - B) Memorandum of association.
 - C) Articles of association.
 - D) Statement in lieu of prospectus.

Turn over

4. The share capital of a company may be reduced by :
- A) An ordinary resolution.
 - B) Special resolution.
 - C) A resolution of the board of directors.
 - D) Getting permission from the Company Law Board.
5. The _____ on equity shares is not cumulative.
- A) Dividend.
 - B) Profit.
 - C) Loss.
 - D) Reserve.

Fill in the blanks :

6. A company is managed by _____.
7. The word ultra virus means in case of a company _____.
8. _____ Official recording of the proceedings of a meeting
9. Person who takes procedural steps to set up a company.
10. The meeting of all directors is called _____.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any eight questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

- 11. What is meant by OPC ?
- 12. Describe MoA.
- 13. What is book building process ?
- 14. What is bonus issue ?
- 15. Describe Shares with different rights
- 16. What is mean by Doctrine of Indoor Management ?
- 17. What is the relevance of Rematerialisation of shares ?
- 18. What is mean by disqualification with regard to director of a company ?

19. Write a short note on CSR.
20. When an extraordinary meeting is arranged ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any **six** questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. What are the requisites of a valid meeting ?
22. What is mean by winding up what are the different types of wind in up ?
23. What is the importance of corporate governance ?
24. Distinguish between share certificate and share warrant.
25. Describe the forfeiture of shares. Explain the process.
26. What are the types of shares ?
27. Describe ESO scheme.
28. Describe the role of promoters in a company.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

*Answer any **two** questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.*

29. Explain in detail the alteration of memorandum of association.
30. Define a Company. What are the features of a company ?
31. Explain in detail lifting up of corporate veil.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

D 102713-A

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION**APRIL 2024**

(B.Com.)

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2018 Admission only)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The concept of DIN (Directors Identification Number) was brought into force w.e.f.
 - (A) 1-4-2006.
 - (B) 1-1-2006.
 - (C) 1-11-2006.
 - (D) 1-7-2006.
2. In case of issue of shares by a company to the public, if minimum subscription, as stated in prospectus has not been received in 30 days of issue of prospectus or such other period as specified by SEBI, then the application money shall be repaid within a period of _____ days from the closure of the issue.
 - (A) 21 Days.
 - (B) 15 Days.
 - (C) 12 Days.
 - (D) 7 Days.
3. A private company is required compulsorily to limit through its articles, the number of members to _____.
 - (A) 20.
 - (B) 50.
 - (C) 200.
 - (D) 500.
4. The committee to recommend formation of OPC (One person Company) in India is _____.
 - (A) Alagh.
 - (B) J.J.Irani.
 - (C) H.C. Baba.
 - (D) None of these.
5. In case of public company total managerial remuneration cant exceed _____ per cent of the net profits.
 - (A) 5.
 - (B) 7.
 - (C) 11.
 - (D) 12.
6. Which one of the following financial institutions shall not be regarded as Public financial institutions as per section 2(72) of Companies Act 2013 ?
 - (A) LIC.
 - (B) IDFC.
 - (C) Institutions notified by central government in consultation with RBI.
 - (D) KFC.

7. The companies (Amendment) Act 2015 omitted Section _____ of Company's Act 2013 that provides all companies whether private or public to commence business immediately after obtaining certificate of incorporation.
- (A) 10. (B) 11.
(C) 12. (D) 13.
8. Section 12 requires that One Person Company shall mention along with its name (in brackets) _____.
- (A) One person company.
(B) OPC.
(C) One person company Pvt Ltd or Ltd.
(D) None of the above.
9. The term ultra vires means :
- (A) Against power. (B) Beyond powers.
(C) Against authority. (D) Beyond authority.
10. As per sec 4(1) (e) of Companies Act 2013, a company having a share capital , the memorandum of association must state the amount of _____.
- (A) Authorised/registered Capital.
(B) Paid up share capital.
(C) Called up capital.
(D) Reserved capital.
11. Who among the following are not proper authority to call a meeting ?
- (A) Board of directors. (B) Shareholders.
(C) Tribunal. (D) Company secretary.
12. When a company changes its name or obtains a new name under sub-section(1) of section 16, it shall within a period of _____ days from the date of such change, give notice of the change to the registrar.
- (A) 15. (B) 16.
(C) 21. (D) 7

Turn over

13. Which of the following is incorrect statement as to memorandum and articles of association ?
- (A) Act done by company beyond the scope of memorandum is ultra virus.
 - (B) Memorandum may include any clause contrary to provisions of Companies Act.
 - (C) Generally articles can be altered by the members by passing a special resolution only.
 - (D) The articles are subsidiary to Companies Act and memorandum.
14. Section 33 of the Companies Act 2013 provides that no form of application for the purchase of the securities of a company shall be issued unless it is accompanied by :
- (A) Draft prospectus.
 - (B) Abridged prospectus.
 - (C) Red herring prospectus.
 - (D) Shelf prospectus.
15. No prospectus shall be issued after _____ days from the date on which a copy of it was delivered to the registrar.
- (A) 21.
 - (B) 43.
 - (C) 75.
 - (D) 90.
16. No company limited by shares can issue any preference shares which are irredeemable as per Section _____.
- (A) 34.
 - (B) 46.
 - (C) 55.
 - (D) 72.
17. The cap on the price band (in book building) shall be less than or equal to _____ per cent of floor price.
- (A) 100.
 - (B) 120.
 - (C) 200.
 - (D) 500.
18. FPO stands for :
- (A) Forward Public offer.
 - (B) First Public Offer.
 - (C) Future Public Offer.
 - (D) Further Public Offer.
19. Which of the following condition is incorrect as to buy back of shares ?
- (A) Buy Back is authorised by articles
 - (B) Buy back is 20 per cent or less of the aggregate of paid up capital.
 - (C) Shares/securities specifies for buy back are fully paid up .
 - (D) Buy back is out of free reserves.
20. A bonus share is always :
- (A) Issued free of charge..
 - (B) Fully paid.
 - (C) Partly paid.
 - (D) Both A and B.

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(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2023**

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2017—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A*Answer all questions.**Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Companies Act 1956 was replaced by :
 - A) Companies Act 2002.
 - B) Companies Act 2010.
 - C) Companies Act 2013.
 - D) Companies Act 2015.
2. When did Companies Act 2013 came into force ?
 - A) 5th August 2013.
 - B) 10th August 2013.
 - C) 15th August 2013.
 - D) 29th August 2013.
3. Which new type of company was introduced in Companies Act 2013 ?
 - A) OPC.
 - B) Associate company.
 - C) Small company.
 - D) All of the above.
4. Registration of company is :
 - A) Optional.
 - B) Compulsory.
 - C) Compulsory for private company's only.
 - D) Compulsory for public company only.
5. A company incorporated by the Act of Parliament is :
 - A) Statutory company.
 - B) Private company.
 - C) Chartered company.
 - D) Government company.

Turn over

Fill in the blanks :

6. The process by which physical share certificates of a company are converted in to electronic form is _____.
7. The shares on which dividend goes on accumulating is _____.
8. _____ issue of shares is made to existing share holders of a company.
9. Formal admission of securities of a company to the trading platform of the exchange is known as...
10. SAT means _____.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any **eight** questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. What is mean by Government company ?
12. What is Promotion ?
13. What is mean by right shares ?
14. Describe the meaning of dematerialisation of shares.
15. What is corporate governance ?
16. What is mean by buyback of shares ?
17. Describe in brief the formation of SEBI.
18. What is meant by AGM ?
19. Describe the meaning of the term resolution.
20. What is mean by transmission of shares ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any **six** questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. What are the different types of resolution ?
22. What are the qualifications required for a company secretary ?
23. What is mean by members voluntary winding up ?

24. What is meant by surrender of shares? How it differs from forfeiture?
25. Describe the listing procedure.
26. Describe in detail the issue of shares.
27. What are the advantages of public issue of share?
28. Explain the duties and liabilities of liquidators.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. Who are the directors of a company? Explain powers and duties of directors.
30. Explain in detail the functions of SEBI.
31. Define Company. What are the types of companies?

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Fill in the blanks :

6. General meeting must have a notice of at least _____ clear days.
7. OPC stands for _____.
8. A company not carrying on any kind of business is _____.
9. A company under Section 406 Of Companies Act 2013 is known as _____.
10. Right shares are _____.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any **eight** questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. What is meant by dormant company ?
12. What is Articles of Association ?
13. What is irregular allotment ?
14. Describe the meaning of the term share warrant.
15. What is meant by transfer of shares under depositories system ?
16. What is meant by key managerial personnel ?
17. Describe the term SAT.
18. What is meant by statutory meeting ?
19. Who is a company secretary ?
20. What is meant by doctrine of Ultra-vires ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any **six** questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. Describe in detail the qualification required for a director.
22. What is the relevance of SEBI Act ?
23. What are the powers of liquidators ?
24. Explain in detail the consequences of winding up.

25. Describe the term removal of director.
26. Explain in detail transfer and transmission of shares.
27. What is meant by winding up by Tribunal ?
28. Describe the term 'board and governance.'

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.*

29. Explain in detail the incorporation of Companies.
30. What are the major documents of Companies ?
31. Explain in detail the duties of Company Secretary.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

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(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2014—2016 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A*Answer all questions.**Each question carries 1 mark.*

I. Choose the correct answer :

- 1 First Annual General Meeting is held with in _____ from the date of incorporation of the company.
 - a) 9 months.
 - b) 6 months.
 - c) 12 months.
 - d) 18 months.
- 2 Which of the following cannot file a petition for winding up _____.
 - a) The company.
 - b) Contributory.
 - c) The Registrar.
 - d) Promoters of company.
3. _____ type of debentures carry security with regard to repayment of principal and interest.
 - a) Redeemable.
 - b) Unsecured.
 - c) Bearer.
 - d) Secured.
4. _____ is the charter of a company.
 - a) Articles of Association.
 - b) Memorandum of Association.
 - c) Prospectus.
 - d) Minutes.
5. A public company must have at least _____ members.
 - a) Seven.
 - b) Ten.
 - c) Two.
 - d) Three.

Turn over

II. Fill in the blanks :

- 6 Letters sent to the applicants to whom shares have not been allotted is _____.
- 7 A company have alter its Articles by passing a _____ resolution.
- 8 The minimum number of directors in a public company must be _____.
- 9 An official liquidator is appointed by the _____.
- 10 A proxy can vote only in the case of _____.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any **eight** questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

- 11 Write a short note on the Doctrine of Constructive Notice.
- 12 What is Forged Transfer ?
- 13 What do you understand Board of Directors meeting ?
- 14 What is Provisional Contract ?
- 15 What is Deemed Prospectus ?
- 16 What do you mean by Sweat Equity Shares ?
- 17 What are the advantages of company form of organization ?
- 18 Who is known as the director of a company ?
- 19 What is Differential Voting Rights ?
- 20 What are the developmental functions of SEBI ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C (Short Essay Questions)

*Answer any **six** questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

- 21 What is Extra Ordinary General Meeting ? Explain the legal provisions relating to EOG.
- 22 What are the liabilities for mis-statement in the prospectus ?
- 23 Explain the clauses of Memorandum of Association.

- 24 What is resolution ? Explain its types.
- 25 Discuss the legal position of directors.
- 26 Write a short note on Doctrine of Indoor Management.
- 27 Discuss the stages in the formation of a company.
- 28 What are the rights of members of a company ?

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29 What is Corporate Governance ? Discuss the importance of corporate Governance ?
- 30 What are the duties of Company Secretary ?
- 31 Explain the duties and liabilities of liquidator.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2017 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

*Answer all questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

Choose the correct answer :

1. Maximum number of members in a private company is limited to :
 - a) 200.
 - b) 500.
 - c) 50.
 - d) 100.
2. The liability of members if company is limited by shares is :
 - a) Guaranteed amount.
 - b) Unlimited.
 - c) Unpaid value of shares.
 - d) No liability.
3. Cancellation of shares due to default in payment of call money is called :
 - a) Redemption of Shares.
 - b) Forfeiture of Shares.
 - c) Buy-back of Shares.
 - d) De-materialisation of Shares.
4. The most important document of a company is :
 - a) Articles of Association.
 - b) Prospectus.
 - c) Memorandum of Association.
 - d) Register of Members.
5. Total managerial remuneration to all managerial personnel in any financial year shall not exceed :
 - a) 5%.
 - b) 10%.
 - c) 3.
 - d) 11%.

Fill in the blanks :

6. _____ is the record of transactions decided in a meeting.
7. The statement of assets and liabilities prepared by the Board of Directors on winding up of a company for submission to Liquidator is _____.
8. Sale of shares or bonds to a selected persons or institutions rather than going for public issue is called _____.

Turn over

9. No person can hold office as director, at the same time, in more than _____ companies.
10. _____ is the process of generating, capturing, and recording investor demand for shares during an IPO.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any eight questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. What is "One Person Company" ?
12. What do you mean by "Company Limited by Guarantee" ?
13. What is a "Dormant Company" ?
14. What do you mean by "Lifting of Corporate Veil" ?
15. What is "Subscription Clause" ?
16. What is "Doctrine Of Ultra Vires"?
17. What is "Special Resolution" ?
18. What is "Sweet Equity Shares" ?
19. What is "ESOP" ?
20. What is "GDR" ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. Differentiate between Public Company and Private Company.
22. State the conditions for the issue of Bonus Shares.
23. Explain the procedure for alteration of Articles of Association.
24. What is "Prospectus" ? State its content.
25. State the conditions for the issue of shares at discount.
26. Explain the need and importance of Corporate Governance.
27. What is Corporate Social Responsibility ? Explain different types of CSRs.
28. Explain briefly the duties of Company Secretary.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.*

29. Explain the objectives and salient features of Companies Act, 2013.
30. What are the steps involved in formation of a company ?
31. What do you mean by winding up of companies ? Explain different types of winding up.
(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

**FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2021**

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2014 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Compulsory termination of ownership by any shareholder who has made default in payment is known as :
 - a) Forfeiture of shares.
 - b) Surrender of shares.
 - c) Buy back of shares.
 - d) Transfer of shares.
2. The memorandum is governed by :
 - a) Companies Act.
 - b) SEBI Act.
 - c) FEMA Act.
 - d) Contract Act.
3. An individual can be a director in not more than :
 - a) 20 companies.
 - b) 25 companies.
 - c) 15 companies.
 - d) 10 companies.
4. The first directors are generally nominated by :
 - a) Central Government.
 - b) Promoters.
 - c) Shareholders.
 - d) Creditors.
5. Number of board meeting to be held in every year :
 - a) 3.
 - b) 2.
 - c) 4.
 - d) 6.
6. A public company can start to function only after getting _____.

Turn over

7. _____ shares are those shares which possess preferential rights in respect of dividend and repayment of capital.
8. _____ is known as charter of a company.
9. First meeting of the company should be held within _____ from the date of incorporation.
10. _____ is the model of memorandum of association of a company limited by shares.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any eight questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. What is a Dormant company ?
12. What is a Producer company ?
13. Give two powers of SEBI.
14. What is corporate veil ?
15. What is doctrine of indoor management ?
16. What is statement in lieu of prospectus ?
17. What is private placement of shares ?
18. Define Company Secretary.
19. Who is a Proxy ?
20. What is voluntary winding up ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. What are the main features of companies ?
22. What is Depository ? What are its main benefits ?
23. Briefly explain the various authorities concerned with administration of Companies Act.
24. What are the different cases in which corporate veil is to be shifted ?
25. What are the liabilities of misstatement in the prospectus ?

26. What are the various liabilities of a member of a company ?
27. What is Corporate Governance ?
28. What are the consequences of winding up of a company ?

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. What are the different clauses of Memorandum of Association ?
30. Discuss the grounds of compulsory winding up. Explain the rights and duties of liquidator.
31. What are debentures and bonds ? Explain different categories of these instruments.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)



(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com./B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CUCBCSS—UG)

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2017 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. A Company formed under special Act passed by the parliament or state legislature is _____.
 - (a) Statutory Companies.
 - (b) Registered Companies.
 - (c) Unlimited Companies.
 - (d) Public Companies.
2. The Concept of small company is defined in section of Companies Act 2013 :
 - (a) Section 2 (85).
 - (b) Section 2 (75).
 - (c) Section 1 (85).
 - (d) Section 2 (56).
3. _____ of a Company are its bye-laws or rules and regulation that govern the management of its internal affairs and conduct of its business.
 - (a) Memorandum of Association.
 - (b) Articles of Association.
 - (c) Liability Clause.
 - (d) Object Clause.
4. The liabilities of the directors are :
 - (a) Liability to the outsiders.
 - (b) Liability to the Company.
 - (c) Criminal Liability.
 - (d) All of these
5. Methods of Dissolution of a Company :
 - (a) Defunct Company.
 - (b) Dissolution by order of Tribunal.
 - (c) Dissolution by Liquidation.
 - (d) All of these.

Turn over

6. The first step in the formation of a Company is to prepare a document called _____.
7. The maximum number of members allowed in a Private Company is _____.
8. _____ is an international practice which refers to collecting orders from investment bankers as large investors based on an indicative price range.
9. _____ means winding up of the company by the members without interferences by the tribunal.
10. Means the minimum number of the members who must be presented in the meeting for validity of the meeting.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

11. What do you mean by Dormant Company ?
12. Explain the types of Promoters.
13. Define Prospectus.
14. Define Share.
15. State two Depositories in India.
16. What is Global Depository Receipts ?
17. What is Corporate Social Responsibility ?
18. State the kinds of Company Meetings.
19. What do you mean by winding up of a Company ?
20. What is Dissolution of a Company ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

21. Explain the company on the basis of ownership.
22. State the distinction between Memorandum and Articles of Association.
23. What is Memorandum of Association ? What are its clauses ?

24. What are the methods of Raising of Capital ?
25. Explain rules and regulations with regards to allotment of securities.
26. Explain the functions of the Audit Committee.
27. What is Extra-Ordinary General Meeting ? How it is called up ?
28. What do you mean by *Minutes of the meeting* ? State its objectives.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.*

29. State the salient features of the Companies Act, 2013.
30. What is listing of securities ? State its objectives and advantages.
31. What is Corporate Veil ? Explain the cases of lifting the corporate veil.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

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(Pages : 3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com./B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2020

(CUCBCSS—UG)

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2014 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. The maximum number of members allowed in a private company is :
 - (a) 50.
 - (b) 75.
 - (c) 100.
 - (d) 200.
2. In the case of company limited by guarantee, the liability of the member can be enforced :
 - (a) Only by a court order.
 - (b) By order of central government.
 - (c) When MD decides.
 - (d) Only at the time of winding up.
3. Articles need not be registered in case of :
 - (a) An unlimited company.
 - (b) Company limited by shares.
 - (c) Company limited by guarantee.
 - (d) Private Company.
4. Bonus Shares shared are issued by converting the reserves into :
 - (a) General reserve.
 - (b) Share capital.
 - (c) Capital reserves.
 - (d) Securities premium.
5. Casual vacancy of the director may be filled by the :
 - (a) Shareholders.
 - (b) Central Government.
 - (c) Employees.
 - (d) Board of Directors.
6. Appointing another person to vote for the person who has appointed him/he is known as _____.

Turn over

7. The maximum number of members in the committee of inspection may be _____.
8. The capital with which the company is registered is called _____ capital.
9. Conversion of share certificate from its physical form to electronic form is called _____.
10. Special resolution requires at least _____ of vote of members.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

*Answer any eight questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. What is a statutory company ?
12. What is an associated company ?
13. Give two functions of SEBI.
14. What is a certificate of incorporation ?
15. What is doctrine of constructive notice ?
16. What is Redhering prospectus ?
17. What is surrender of shares ?
18. Who is an independent director ?
19. What is Quorum ?
20. Define winding up.

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. What are the main features of Companies Act 2013 ?
22. What are the different types of preference shares ?
23. What are the previlages available to a private company ?
24. What are the different types of promoters ?
25. Differentiate between Memorandum and Articles of Association.

26. What are the various rights of a member of a company ?
27. Differentiate between ordinary resolution and special resolution.
28. Differentiate between winding up and dissolution.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. What is prospectus ? What are the contents of prospectus ?
30. Explain the different types of company meetings.
31. What are the major roles of a director in a company ? Also explain the provision relating to removal of director.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

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(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

(CBCSS—UG)

Mathematics

MTS 1B 01—BASIC LOGIC AND NUMBER THEORY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer any number of questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

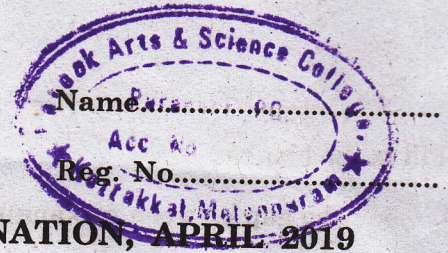
Maximum 25 marks.

1. What is a *compound proposition* ? Give two simple propositions and combine it to make compound.
2. If $a = 3, b = 5, c = 6$, explain and evaluate the boolean expression $[\sim (a > b)] \wedge (b < c)$.
3. What is meant by a *biconditional statement* ? Give an example.
4. Suppose that in a party, there are n guests. Each person shakes hands with everybody else exactly once. Define recursively the number of handshakes $h(n)$ made.
5. Find the sum of $(100)_2$ and $(110)_2$.
6. Define Fibonacci numbers and Lucas numbers.
7. Evaluate $(18, 30, 60, 75, 132)$.
8. Prove that two positive integers a and b are relatively prime if and only if $[a, b] = ab$.
9. If $a \equiv b$ and $b \equiv c$ modulo n , can we say that $a \equiv c$ modulo n ? Justify.
10. Is $\{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$ a complete set of residues modulo 5 ? Why ?
11. When will we say that a is invertible modulo m ? Give an example for an a invertible modulo 8.
12. What is a pseudoprime ? Give an example and verify it.
13. Let m be a positive integer and a any integer with $(a, m) = 1$. Prove that $a^{\phi(m)} \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$.
14. What is the value of $\phi(p^e)$ where p is a prime ? Use it to compute $\phi(81)$ and $\phi(625)$.
15. State the fundamental theorem for multiplicative functions and the Gauss theorem for natural number n on sum of $\phi(d)$ where $d|n$.

Turn over

C 61158

(Pages : 3)



FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

(CUCBCSS—UG)

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2014 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. A public company must have minimum _____ of persons.
(a) 2. (b) 7.
(c) 1. (d) 5.
2. As per Companies Act, 2013 there are basically _____ kinds of share.
(a) 2. (b) 3.
(c) 4. (d) 5.
3. _____ are equity shares issued by a company to its directors or employees at a discount or for consideration, other than cash for providing know-how.
(a) Bonus shares. (b) Right shares.
(c) Sweat equity. (d) Founder's shares.
4. One person company must have _____ number of directors.
(a) 2. (b) 7.
(c) 1. (d) 5.
5. Every company, other than _____ company is required to hold an annual general meeting every year.
(a) Public. (b) Associate.
(c) Government. (d) One person.

Turn over

Fill in the blanks :

6. The gap between two annual general meetings should not exceed _____ months.
7. The quorum for public company in AGM is _____ if the number of members as on the date of meeting is not more than 1,000.
8. All general meetings other than annual general meetings are called _____.
9. _____ means that the doing of the act is beyond the legal power and authority of the company.
10. _____ prospectus is prepared when a company issues shares by private placement.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

11. What is one person company ?
12. What is dormant company ?
13. What is public company ?
14. Who is a promoter ?
15. What is an article of association ?
16. What is prospectus ?
17. What do you mean by irregular allotment ?
18. What do you mean by surrender of shares ?
19. What do you mean by buy back ?
20. What is SAT ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

21. What are the powers and duties of company liquidator ?
22. What are the procedures for passing a resolution which requires special notice ?
23. What are the powers of SAT ?

24. What are the differences between memorandum and articles of association ?
25. What is ESOP ? What are the conditions of ESOP ?
26. What are the qualifications of independent director ?
27. What are the contents of a notice of Annual General Body Meeting ?
28. Who is a proxy ? What are his duties and responsibilities ?

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any two questions.

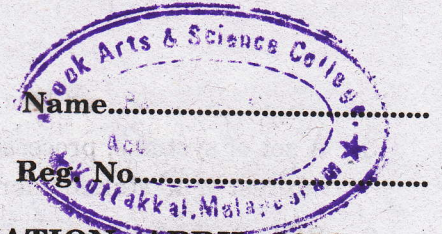
Each question carries 15 marks.

29. What is Articles of Association ? What are the provisions of alteration of articles of association ?
30. Explain the different provisions in the Companies Act 2013 regarding making calls on shares ?
31. What are the duties and powers of directors in a company ?

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

C 61159

(Pages : 2)



FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

(CUCBCSS—UG)

B.Com.

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

(2017 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Duties of directors of all companies are spelt out in _____ of Companies Act 2013.
 - (a) Section 150.
 - (b) Section 160.
 - (c) Section 170.
 - (d) Section 166.
2. A Company which has any of its securities listed on any recognised stock exchange :
 - (a) Associate Company.
 - (b) Listed Company.
 - (c) Dormant Company.
 - (d) Public Company.
3. _____ is a prospectus which does not have complete information on the price and the quantum of securities offered.
 - (a) Red Herring Prospectus.
 - (b) Abridged Prospectus.
 - (c) Deemed Prospectus.
 - (d) Shelf Prospectus.
4. An individual can be a director in _____ more than.
 - (a) 20 Companies.
 - (b) 50 Companies.
 - (c) 25 Companies.
 - (d) 15 Companies.
5. Bonus shares are issued by converting the reserves of the Company into :
 - (a) Share Capital.
 - (b) General Reserve.
 - (c) Capital Reserve.
 - (d) None of these.

Fill in the blanks :

6. _____ and _____ are two modes of winding up of a company.
7. _____ is an authorised agent of the member for the purpose of voting.

Turn over

8. A set of systems, processes and principles which ensure that a company is governed in the best interest of all stakeholders is called _____.
9. DIN stands for _____.
10. _____ is an act of guarantee by an organisation for the sale of certain minimum amount of shares and debentures issued by a Public Limited Company.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

11. State the characteristics of a Company.
12. What are the duties of Promoters ?
13. What is Abridged Prospectus ?
14. What is Sweet Equity Shares ?
15. What is Dematerialisation ?
16. What is Debentures ?
17. State any two rights of Directors.
18. What is Bearer Debentures ?
19. What is Lien on Shares ?
20. What is Brokerage ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

21. Differentiate between a Private Company and a Public Company.
22. State the Liabilities of Promoters.
23. Explain Doctrine of Ultra Vires.
24. What are the difference between Shares and Stocks ?
25. What are the contents of a Share Certificate ?
26. Mention Statutory Books to be kept by Companies.
27. State the power and duties of Company Liquidator.
28. What are the consequences of winding up ?

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

29. Explain different classification of Companies.
30. State the Role of Directors in a Company.
31. Briefly state the Kinds of Debentures.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

*Answer all questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. One person Company must be a _____ Company.
 - (a) Public.
 - (b) Private.
 - (c) Government.
 - (d) Statutory.
2. The amount payable on application on every security shall not be less than _____ per cent of the nominal amount of the security.
 - (a) 2.
 - (b) 7.
 - (c) 10.
 - (d) 5.
3. First annual general meeting of the Company should be held within months from the closing of the first financial year.
 - (a) 6.
 - (b) 9.
 - (c) 12.
 - (d) 3.
4. _____ means only Company can be held liable for an act done in the name of the Company.
 - (a) Doctrine of Indoor management.
 - (b) Doctrine of outdoor management.
 - (c) Lifting of corporate veil.
 - (d) Ultra vires.
5. "Key managerial personnel", in relation to a Company, means :
 - (a) The Chief Executive Officer.
 - (b) The Company secretary.
 - (c) The Chief Financial Officer.
 - (d) All these persons.
6. A Private Company must have _____ number of directors.

Turn over

7. Subsequent annual general meeting of the Company should be held within _____ months from the closing of the financial year.
8. A Statement of the business to be transacted at the general meeting is called _____.
9. The audit committee should contain at least _____ number of directors.
10. _____ prospectus is prepared when a Company issues shares by private placement.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

Answer any eight questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

11. What is Associate Company ?
12. What is Private Company ?
13. What do you mean by doctrine of constructive notice ?
14. What do you mean by book building ?
15. What do you mean by forfeiture of shares ?
16. What is extraordinary meeting ?
17. What is special resolution ?
18. What are sweat equity shares ?
19. What do you mean by Ultra vires ?
20. What is "significant influence" for treating as Associate Company ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

21. What are the circumstances in which Company may be wound up by Tribunal ?
22. When an allotment is considered as irregular ?
23. What is Articles of Association ? What are the provisions of alteration of articles of association ?
24. Explain the circumstances in which the corporate veil is lifted?

25. What is resolution? What are the different types of resolutions ?
26. What are the provisions regarding transfer of shares ?
27. What are the powers of SAT ?
28. Who is a proxy? What are his duties and responsibilities ?

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any two questions.

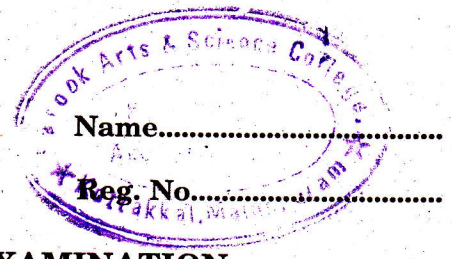
Each question carries 15 marks.

29. What is prospectus ? What are the contents of prospectus ?
30. What are the stages in the formation of Company ?
31. How directors are appointed ?

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

C 23260

(Pages : 2)



**FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2017**

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Core Course

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Minimum number of directors in a private company is :
(a) 2. (b) 7.
(c) 10. (d) 20.
2. Maximum number of shareholders in a private company is :
(a) 50. (b) 20.
(c) 200. (d) Unlimited.
3. Company incorporated under a Special Act is :
(a) Statutory company. (b) Private company.
(c) Chartered company. (d) Foreign company.
4. Shares are not freely transferable in a :
(a) Private company. (b) Public company
(c) Limited company. (d) Unlimited company.
5. The most important feature of a negotiable instrument is :
(a) 200. (b) 50.
(c) 1000. (d) Unlimited.
6. The person who control the affires of a company is _____.
7. The meeting of all sharehplders of a public company is _____.
8. Shares issued by company to its employees on discount is called _____.
9. Shares issued to the general public are _____ shares.
10. Inability to pay debt is a ground for _____ of a company.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Turn over

Part B

*Answer any eight questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. Define government company.
12. Explain secured and unsecured debentures.
13. What is a private company?
14. Explain classification of company on the basis of liability.
15. Write note on one person company.
16. Explain perpetual succession.
17. State the meaning of quorum of a meeting.
18. What is a resolution?
19. What is meant by proxy?
20. What is extra ordinary general meeting?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. Explain different kinds of resolution.
22. Explain doctrine of constructive notice.
23. What are the liabilities of a director?
24. Explain the features of equity shares.
25. What are the grounds for winding up of a company by tribunal?
26. What are the functions of a promoter?
27. What are the essentials of a valid meeting?
28. Distinguish transfer and transmission of shares.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 15 marks*

29. Explain appointment, removal and liabilities of directors of a company.
30. What are the different kinds of meetings under the Companies Act?
31. Explain the different clauses in the Memorandum of Association.

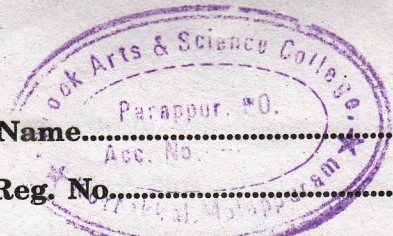
(2 × 15 = 30 marks)

C 3936

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....



FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2016

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Core Course

BCM 4B 06—CORPORATE REGULATIONS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

*Answer all questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Quorum for board meeting of a private company is :
(A) 2. (B) 5.
(C) 3. (D) 10.
2. Function of a promotor is :
(A) Discovery of business ideas. (B) Detailed investigation.
(C) Assembling of resources. (D) All of these.
3. The first document to be prepared for formation of a private company is :
(A) Memorandum. (B) Article.
(C) Prospectus. (D) Audit report.
4. Management of company is done by persons known as :
(A) Auditors. (B) Directors.
(C) Shareholders. (D) Members.
5. The first annual general meeting of a private company must be held within :
(A) 15 Months. (B) 18 Months.
(C) 12 Months. (D) 9 Months.
6. Declaration of _____ is must for voluntary windingup
7. Meeting of a all shareholders of a company is _____.
8. _____ is an exception to the doctrine of constructive notice.
9. Act done beyond the powers of memorandum is _____.
10. A company is a _____ person.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Turn over

Part B

*Answer any eight questions.
Each question carries 2 mark.*

11. What is voluntary windingup of a company ?
12. What are the duties of a promoter ?
13. What are the features of a public company ?
14. What is meant by corporate veil ? When it can be lifted ?
15. Write note on one person company.
16. What is a statutory company ?
17. Explain deemed prospectus.
18. What are the powers of SEBI ?
19. What is meant by qualification share of directors ?
20. Who is a liquidator ?

(8 × 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

21. Distinction between memorandum and article.
22. Explain the doctrine of constructive notice.
23. Explain authorities under the company law.
24. What are the grounds for windingup by the tribunal ?
25. Explain alteration of liability clause.
26. Explain features of equity shares.
27. What are the different type of debentures ?
28. Distinguish transfer and transmission of shares.

(6 × 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.*

29. Explain contents of article of association.
30. How directors are appointed ?
31. Explain different stages in the formation of a company.

(2 × 15 = 30 marks)